## In Care of Kids



# **Latex Allergy**

Natural latex comes from rubber trees. Latex is used to make gloves, balloons, rubber bands, erasers, toys, condoms, bottle nipples and pacifiers.

### **Reactions to Latex**

If you are allergic to latex, you'll get a reaction when you touch it.

#### Symptoms are:

- hives
- itching or flushing
- swelling
- sneezing
- runny nose
- cough
- wheezing
- trouble breathing
- chest tightness
- nausea
- dizziness or lightheadedness

Any mixture of these symptoms can be a sign of anaphylaxis, a life-threatening reaction that needs immediate medical attention.

Latex can also become airborne and cause breathing problems for a small number of patients.

If you have a latex allergy, you may also be allergic to certain foods including bananas, avocados, kiwi and chestnuts.

### **Treatment**

- If your symptoms are mild, your doctor may tell you to take an antihistamine. Your doctor may also prescribe injectable epinephrine to keep with you in case you have a really bad reaction.
- Your doctor might tell you to get a Medic-alert bracelet that tells people about your allergy.
- You need to tell your family, employer, school staff and doctors about your allergy and where you keep your emergency medications.
- If you need surgery, ask that everything be latex-free.
- If you need to wear gloves, use vinyl or nitrile gloves.

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